

Abbreviations of Chaucerian Works in MLA Style

When repeatedly documenting the same primary work(s) in a paper, it makes sense to use an abbreviation after the first time. Below are the abbreviations found in the *MLA*. For works not listed here, make up your own, but stay consistent. Example: *The Complaint of Mars* — *CM*.

<i>BD</i>	<i>The Book of the Duchess</i>
CkT	The Cook's Tale
CIT	The Clerk's Tale
<i>CT</i>	<i>The Canterbury Tales</i>
CYT	The Canon Yeoman's Tale
FranT	The Franklin's Tale
FrT	The Friar's Tale
GP	The General Prologue
<i>HF</i>	<i>The House of Fame</i>
KnT	The Knight's Tale
<i>LGW</i>	<i>The Legend of Good Women</i>
ManT	The Manciple's Tale
Mel	The Tale of Melibee
MerT	The Merchant's Tale
MilT	The Miller's Tale
MkT	The Monk's Tale
MLT	The Man of Law's Tale
NPT	The Nun's Priest's Tale
PardT	The Pardoner's Tale
<i>PF</i>	<i>The Parliament of Fowls</i>
ParsT	The Parson's Tale
PhyT	The Physician's Tale
PrT	The Prioress' Tale
Ret	The Retraction
RvT	The Reeve's Tale
ShT	The Shipman's Tale
SNT	The Second Nun's Tale
SqT	The Squire's Tale
SumT	The Summoner's Tale
<i>TC</i>	<i>Troilus and Criseyde</i>
Th	The Tale of Sir Thopas
WBT	The Wife of Bath's Tale