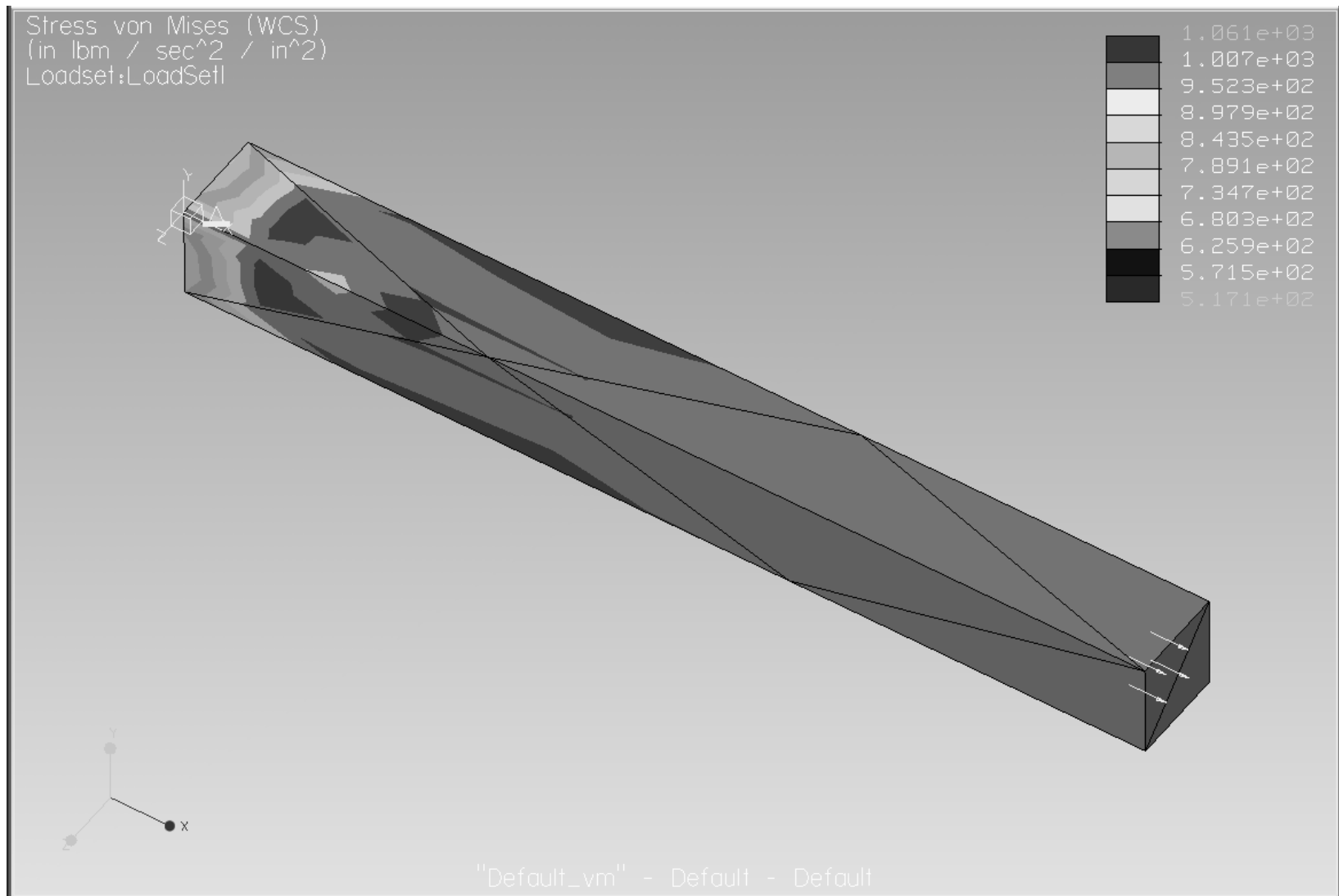


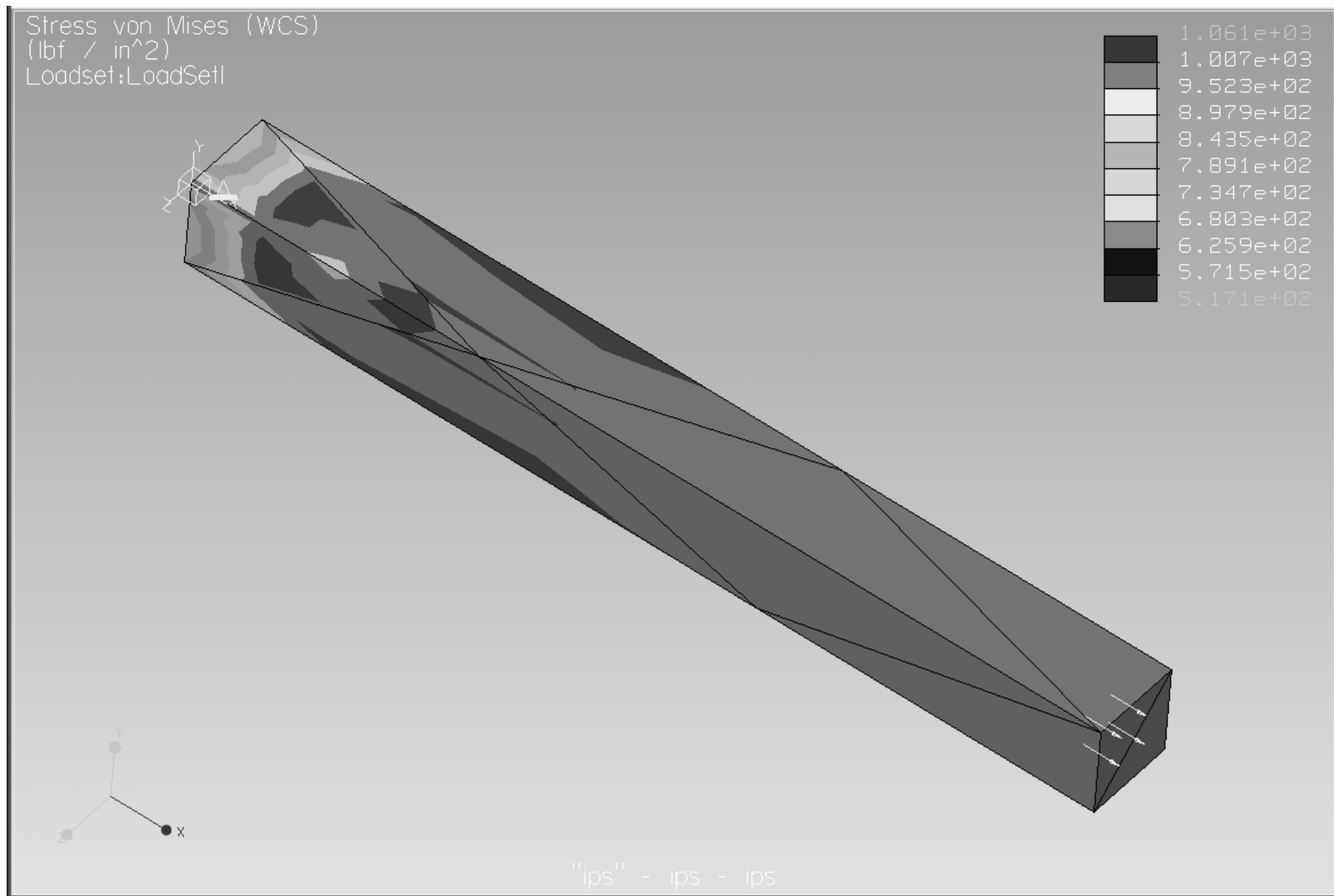
Units

Examining the units used in
Mechanica

Default Pro/E Units



IPS – inches, lbf, seconds



Results

	Elements	Passes	Displacement	VM Stress
Default units	12	5	2.433×10^{-6}	1060
IPS units	12	5	9.39×10^{-4}	1060

What is the Difference?

$$\frac{9.39 \times 10^{-4}}{2.43 \times 10^{-6}} = 386.4$$

$$32.2 \times 12 = 386.4$$

$$g * \text{in/ft} = \text{ft/sec}^2 * \text{in/ft} = \text{in/sec}^2$$

How Units are Selected

- Choose units for time, length, and either force or mass
- Derive other units from these
 - Use $F = MA$ to relate force and mass
 - Use gravity for the acceleration – its units are expressed in units of time and length that you selected

Default System

- Units Selected
 - Length in
 - Mass lbm
 - Time seconds
- Derived Units $F=MA$
 - Gravity $386.4 \text{ in} / \text{sec}^2$
 - $1 \text{ lbm} = 1 \text{ lbf} / 386.4$ force = $\text{lbf}/386.4$
 - Pressure = $\text{psi}/386.4$

IPS System

- Fixed Units

- Length in
- Force lbf
- Time seconds

- Derived Units

$$F=MA$$

- Gravity $386.4 \text{ in} / \text{sec}^2$
- $1 \text{ lbf} = 386.4 \text{ lbm}$ force = lbf
- Pressure = psi

Common Mechanics Units

	SI MNS	mmNs	FPS	IPS	Default
Length	m	mm	ft	in	in
Time	sec	sec	sec	sec	sec
Gravity	9.81 m/sec ²	9810 mm/sec ²	32.2 ft/sec ²	386.4 in/sec ²	386.4 in/sec ²
Mass	kg	1000kg	slug	lbf-s ² /in	lbm
Force	N	N	lbf	lbf	lbf/386.4
Press	Pa	MPa	psf	psi	psi/386.4