

Constants and Conversions

Natural Constants

Circle Circumference to Diameter	$\pi = 3.1415926535897932384626\dots$
Speed of Light in Vacuum	$c = 299,792,458 \text{ m/s}$
Avogadro Constant	$1 \text{ mol} = N_A = 6.0221367 \times 10^{23}$
Planck Constant	$h = 6.6260755 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J} \cdot \text{s}$
Boltzmann Constant	$k = 1.380658 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$
Faraday Constant	$F = 9.6485309 \times 10^4 \text{ C/mol}$
Molar Gas Constant	$R = 0.08205783 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm/mol} \cdot \text{K} = 8.314510 \text{ J/mol} \cdot \text{K}$
Gravitational Constant	$G = 6.67259 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N m}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$
Earth Gravitational Acceleration	$g = 9.80665 \text{ m s}^{-2}$
Atomic Mass Unit (amu)	$u \equiv \frac{m_{^{12}\text{C}}}{12} = 1.6605402 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Proton Rest Mass	$m_p = 1.6726231 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Neutron Rest Mass	$m_n = 1.6749286 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Electron Rest Mass	$m_e = 9.1093897 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
Elementary Charge (acu)	$q_e \equiv e = 1.6021773 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C} = 1.5189073 \times 10^{-14} \text{ kg}^{1/2} \text{ m}^{3/2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
First Bohr Radius	$a_1 = \frac{(h/2\pi e)^2}{m_e} = 0.5291771 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}$
Rydberg Constant	$R_H = \frac{e^2}{2a_1 hc} = 1.09678 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^{-1}$

Conversions

Mass

$$1 \text{ g} \equiv N_A \text{ amu} \quad 1 \text{ ton} \equiv 2000 \text{ lb} \quad 1 \text{ pound} = 453.5927 \text{ g}$$

Time

$$1 \text{ hertz (Hz)} \equiv \text{s}^{-1} \quad 1 \text{ min} \equiv 60 \text{ s} \quad 1 \text{ hr} \equiv 60 \text{ min} \quad 1 \text{ day} \equiv 24 \text{ hr} \quad 1 \text{ year} \equiv 365 \text{ day}$$

Length

$$1 \text{ in} \equiv 2.54 \text{ cm} \quad 1 \text{ ft} \equiv 12 \text{ in} \quad 1 \text{ yd} \equiv 3 \text{ ft} \quad 1 \text{ mi} \equiv 5280 \text{ ft} \quad 1 \text{ Angstrom} \equiv 10^{-10} \text{ m}$$

Volume

$$1 \text{ mL} \equiv 1 \text{ cm}^3 \quad 1 \text{ gallon} \equiv 4 \text{ quarts} \quad 1 \text{ quart} \equiv 2 \text{ pint} = 0.94635925 \text{ liter} \quad \tilde{V}_{\text{ideal gas}} \equiv 22.414096 \text{ L/mol (STP)}$$

Temperature

$$\text{K} = \text{°C} + 273.15 \quad \text{°F} = \frac{9}{5} \text{°C} + 32 \quad \text{STP} \equiv 0\text{°C}, 1 \text{ atm}$$

Force

$$1 \text{ newton (N)} \equiv 1 \text{ kg m s}^{-2}$$

Pressure

$$1 \text{ pascal (Pa)} \equiv 1 \text{ N/m}^2 \quad 1 \text{ atm} \equiv 760 \text{ torr} = 76 \text{ cm Hg} \equiv 101325 \text{ Pa} = 14.70 \text{ pound/in}^2$$

Energy

$$1 \text{ joule (J)} \equiv 1 \text{ N m} = 1 \text{ kg m}^2 \text{ s}^{-2} \equiv 10^7 \text{ erg} \quad 1 \text{ cal} \equiv 4.184 \text{ J} \quad 1 \text{ eV} = 1.6021773 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

Charge

$$1 \text{ coulomb (C)} \equiv 1 \text{ A s}$$

Electrical potential

$$1 \text{ volt (V)} \equiv 1 \text{ J C}^{-1}$$