ALEKS[®] Equations Game 1 #1

Beginning Algebra / Math 100 Fall 2013 – 506 (Prof. Miller)

Student Name/ID:

Instructor Note:

This assignment is to be used to make-up the equations relay if you were absent in math 193 that day. You may also use it to study.

1. Solve for u.

$$5 = u - 3$$

2. Solve for y.

$$y - \frac{4}{5} = 4\frac{3}{4}$$

3. Solve for ν .

v = 9.45 = 5.1

4. Solve for u.

u + 6 = -9

5. Solve for u.

$$78 - u = 168$$

6. Solve for u.

96 = 4u

Simplify your answer as much as possible.

7. Solve for u.

-5 = -18u

Simplify your answer as much as possible.

8. Solve for w.

$$-21 = -\frac{3}{7}w$$

Simplify your answer as much as possible.

9. Solve for x.

$$72 = 3x + 12$$

10. Solve for y.

3y - 8 = -20

Simplify your answer as much as possible.

11. Solve for y.

5(y+5)-8y=31

Simplify your answer as much as possible.

12. Solve for u.

-5 u - 18 = -2 (u - 6)

Simplify your answer as much as possible.

13. Solve for x.

-2(8x-5)+2x=4(x+5)

14. For each equation, choose the statement that describes its solution. If applicable, give the solution.

$$3(w-2)-5w = -2(w+3)$$

C No solution
C w =
C All real numbers are solutions

$$5(2-v)-v = 2(v+1)$$

C No solution
C v =
C All real numbers are solutions

15. Solve for \boldsymbol{u} .

$$-\frac{3}{2} = -\frac{2}{7}u - \frac{9}{5}u$$

Simplify your answer as much as possible.

16. Solve for ν .

$$-4\nu + \frac{7}{4} = -\frac{3}{4}\nu - \frac{2}{3}$$

17. Solve for y.

$$9 = \frac{9y+5}{8} + \frac{y-6}{2}$$

Equations Game 1 #1 Answers for class Beginning Algebra / Math 100 Fall 2013 – 506

1. u = 82. $y = 5\frac{11}{20}$ **3.** v = 14.55**4.** u = -15**5.** u = -90**6.** *u* = 24 7. $u = \frac{5}{18}$ **8.** w = 49 **9.** *x* = 20 **10.** y = -4**11.** y = -2**12.** u = -10**13.** $x = -\frac{5}{9}$ 14. 3(w-2)-5w = -2(w+3)No solution ○ w = All real numbers are solutions $5(2-\nu) - \nu = 2(\nu+1)$ O No solution • v = 1 C All real numbers are solutions

15.
$$u = -\frac{21}{20}$$
.
16. $v = \frac{29}{39}$
17. $y = 7$