

Chapter 3 .5 point extra credit

- 1. Which of the following correlations is the weakest: r = +.25, r = +.05, or r = -.15?
- 2. What does the null hypothesis assume when testing the statistical significance of an obtained sample correlation?
- 3. What is meant by *extrapolation*?
- 4. What is meant by *restricted range*?

Use the following description to answer question 5.

A marketing researcher interested in the relationship between item location and item price measured the distance between a randomly selected item and the cash register and the price for the item. The data collected are given below.

 Distance (in feet):
 12
 14
 11
 25
 23

 Item Price:
 \$4.00
 \$3.00
 \$4.60
 \$2.20
 \$2.70

- 5. A. What question is the researcher trying to answer?
 - B. Using Excel, obtain the scatterdiagram for the data above.
 - C. Interpret the scatterdiagram obtained in part B by describing the strength and direction (positive or negative) of the relationship between Distance and Item Price.
 - D. What is the null hypothesis for this problem?
 - E. Use Excel to find the value of r.
 - F. Is the value of *r* statistically significant at alpha = .05 (or p = .05)?
 - G. Provide an interpretation for your answer to part D.
 - H. What is the value of the coefficient of determination (or r^2)?
 - I. Provide an interpretation to your answer in part F.