Stat 345 Solutions - Section 3.7

Problem 3-72

 $X \sim \text{geometric}(p=0.4) \ (p=0.4 \text{ since } \frac{1}{p} = 2.5)$ (a) $P(X = 1) = (1-p)^{1-1}p = p = 0.4$ (b) $P(X = 4) = (1-p)^{4-1}p = (0.6)^3 0.4 = 0.0864$ (c) $P(X = 5) = (1-p)^{5-1}p = (0.6)^4 0.4 = 0.0518$ (d) $P(X \le 3) = P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) + P(X = 3)$ $= (1-p)^0 p + (1-p)^1 p + (1-p)^2 p$ $= 0.4 + (0.6) 0.4 + (0.6)^2 0.4$ = 0.784

(e)
$$(P(X > 3) = 1 - P(X \le 3) = 1 - 0.784 = 0.216$$

Problem 3-75

Let X = the number of calls until connected. Then $X \sim \text{geometric}(p=0.02)$.

(a)
$$P(X = 10) = (0.98)^{10-1}(0.02) = 0.0167$$

(b)

$$P(X > 5) = 1 - P(X \le 5)$$

= 1 - [P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) + P(X = 3) + P(X = 4) + P(X = 5)]
= 1 - [0.02 + (0.98)(0.02) + (0.98)^{2}(0.02) + (0.98)^{3}(0.02) + (0.98)^{4}(0.02)]
= 1 - 0.0961 = 0.9039

or,

$$P(X > 5) = \sum_{x=6}^{\infty} f(x) = \sum_{x=6}^{\infty} (.98)^{x-1} (.02) = (.02) \frac{.98^5 - 0}{1 - .98} = .98^5 = .9039$$
(c) $E(X) = \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{0.02} = 50$

Problem 3-80

The pmf for a negative binomial RV is

$$f(x) = {\binom{x-1}{r-1}} p^r (1-p)^{x-r}, x = r, r+1, r+2, \dots$$

If r = 1 then

$$f(x) = {\binom{x-1}{0}}p(1-p)^{x-1} = (1-p)^{x-1}p, x = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

which is the geometric pmf.

For the negative binomial distribution, $E(X) = \frac{r}{p}$ and $Var(X) = \frac{r(1-p)}{p^2}$. If r = 1, then $E(X) = \frac{1}{p}$ and $Var(X) = \frac{(1-p)}{p^2}$, which are the same as the geometric distribution.

Problem 3-81

$$X \sim \text{neg bin}(r = 4, p = 0.2)$$
(a) $E(X) = \frac{r}{p} = \frac{4}{0.2} = 20$
(b) $P(X = 20) = \binom{20-1}{4-1}(0.2)^4(0.8)^{20-4} = 0.0436$
(c) $P(X = 19) = \binom{19-1}{4-1}(0.2)^4(0.8)^{19-4} = 0.0459$
(d) $P(X = 21) = \binom{21-1}{4-1}(0.2)^4(0.8)^{21-4} = 0.0411$

Problem 3-84

Let X = the number of transactions until all 3 computers fail. Then $X \sim \text{neg bin}(r = 3, p = 10^{-8})$.

(a)
$$E(X) = \frac{r}{p} = \frac{3}{10^{-8}} = 3 \times 10^8$$

(b) $Var(X) = \frac{r(1-p)}{p^2} = \frac{3(1-10^{-8})}{(10^{-8})^2} = 3 \times 10^{16}$