

# 1/8

## ECE 321 - Bonus Homework Solutions

1) Connecting a test capacitor of 100ff to the output:

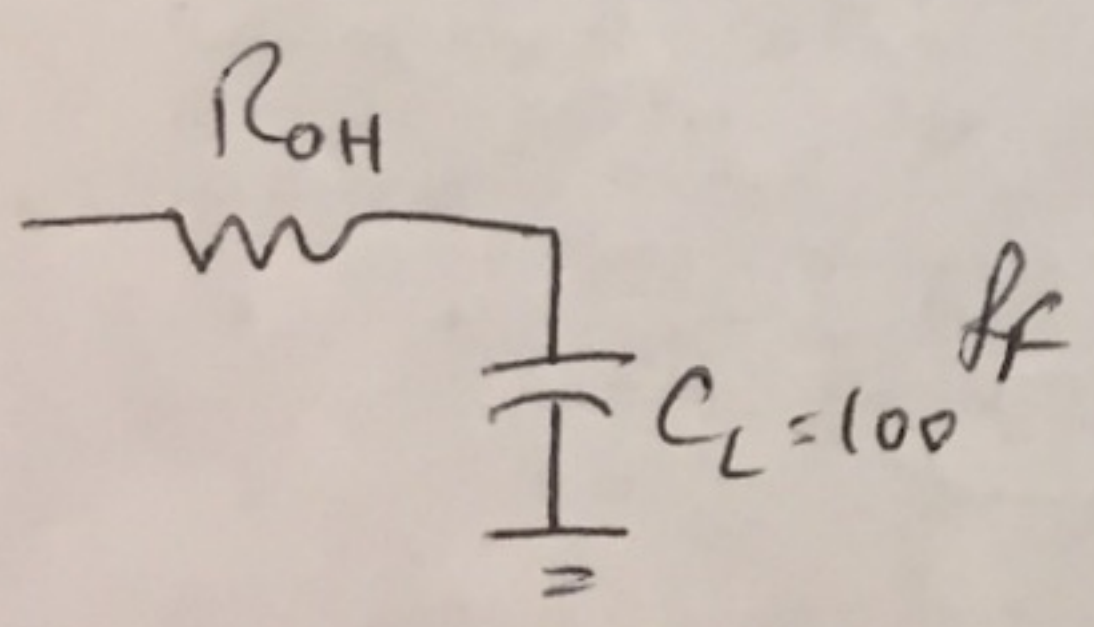
$$I_{av} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ I_{DS}(V_{out}=0) + I_{DS}(V_{out} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2}) \right]$$

$$V_{out}=0 \rightsquigarrow I_{DS} = \frac{K'_P}{2} \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_P (V_{gs} + |V_{tp}|)^2 (1 + \lambda V_{DS}) = 802 \mu A$$

$$V_{out} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} \rightsquigarrow I_{DS} = K'_P \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_P \left[ (V_{gs} - |V_{tp}|) \cdot \frac{V_{DD}}{2} - \frac{(V_{DD}/2)^2}{2} \right] = 555 \mu A$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{av} = \frac{1}{2} (802 \mu A + 555 \mu A) = 678.5 \mu A$$

$$\Rightarrow t_{PLH} = \frac{C_L (V_{DD}/2)}{I_{av}} = \frac{(100 \text{ ff}) \left(\frac{1.5 \text{ V}}{2}\right)}{678.5 \mu A} = 11.05 \text{ ns}$$



$$t_{PLH} = 0.69 R_{OH} C_L$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{OH} = \frac{t_{PLH}}{0.69 C_L} = \frac{11.05 \text{ ns}}{0.69 \cdot 100 \text{ ff}}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{OH} = 1579 \Omega$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 2) \quad \tau &= (1.579 \text{ k}\Omega + 120 \Omega) 75 \text{ ff} \\
 &+ (1.579 \text{ k}\Omega + 120 \Omega) (15 \text{ ff} + 45 \text{ ff} + 50 \text{ ff}) \\
 &+ (1.579 \text{ k}\Omega + 120 \Omega + 165 \Omega) 100 \text{ ff} \\
 &+ (1.579 \text{ k}\Omega + 120 \Omega + 165 \Omega) 95 \text{ ff} \\
 &+ (1.579 \text{ k}\Omega + 120 \Omega + 165 \Omega + 105 \Omega) 65 \text{ ff} \\
 &+ (1.579 \text{ k}\Omega + 120 \Omega + 165 \Omega + 105 \Omega + 220 \Omega) 200 \text{ ff}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tau = 1.24 \text{ ns} \Rightarrow t_{\text{PLH}} = 0.69\tau = 0.69 \cdot 1.24 \text{ ns}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{t_{\text{PLH}} = 871 \text{ ps}}$$

$$3) \quad V_A = V_B = 2 \text{ V}, \quad V_C = 0$$

$$Q_{\text{initial}} = 125 \text{ ff} \cdot 2 \text{ V} = 250 \text{ fC}$$

$$\text{Case 1: } Q_{\text{final}} = (125 \text{ ff} + 20 \text{ ff} + 8 \text{ ff}) V_x$$

$$Q_{\text{initial}} = Q_{\text{final}} \Rightarrow V_x = 1.634 \text{ V} > V_{\text{DD}} - V_T = 2 - 0.7 = 1.3 \text{ V}$$

impossible



Case 2:

$$Q_{\text{final}} = 125 \text{ fF} * V_x + \frac{(V_{DD} - V_T) * 20 \text{ fF}}{2 - 0.7} + \frac{(V_{DD} - V_T) * 8 \text{ fF}}{2 - 0.7}$$

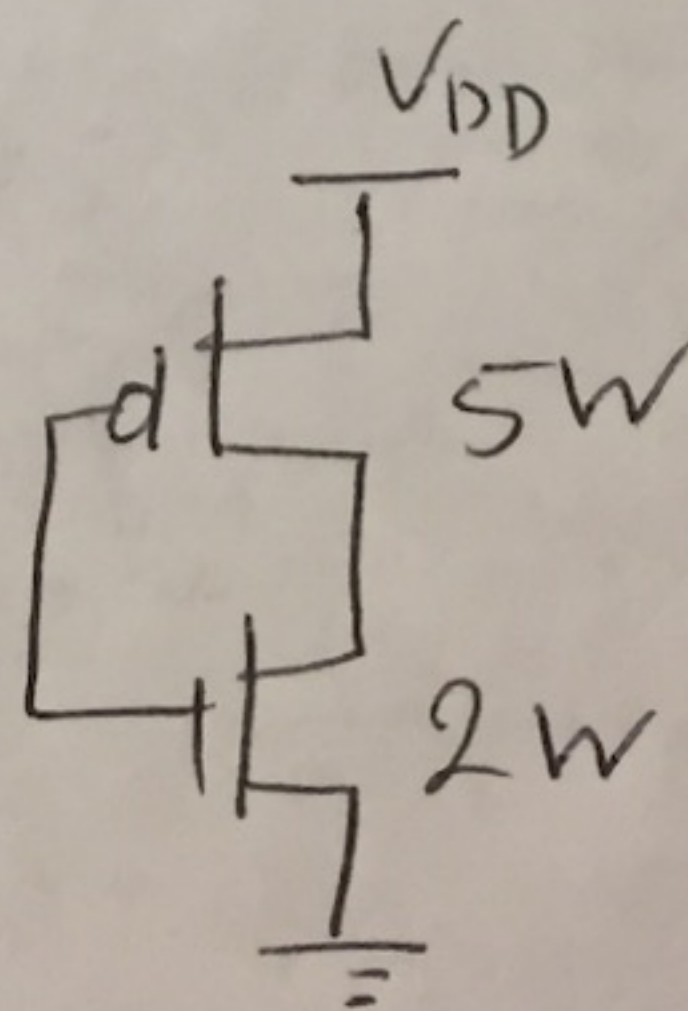
$$\Rightarrow Q_{\text{final}} = 125 \text{ fF} * V_x + 36.4 \text{ fC}$$

$$Q_{\text{initial}} = Q_{\text{final}} \Rightarrow 125 \text{ fF} * V_x + 36.4 \text{ fC} = 250 \text{ fC}$$

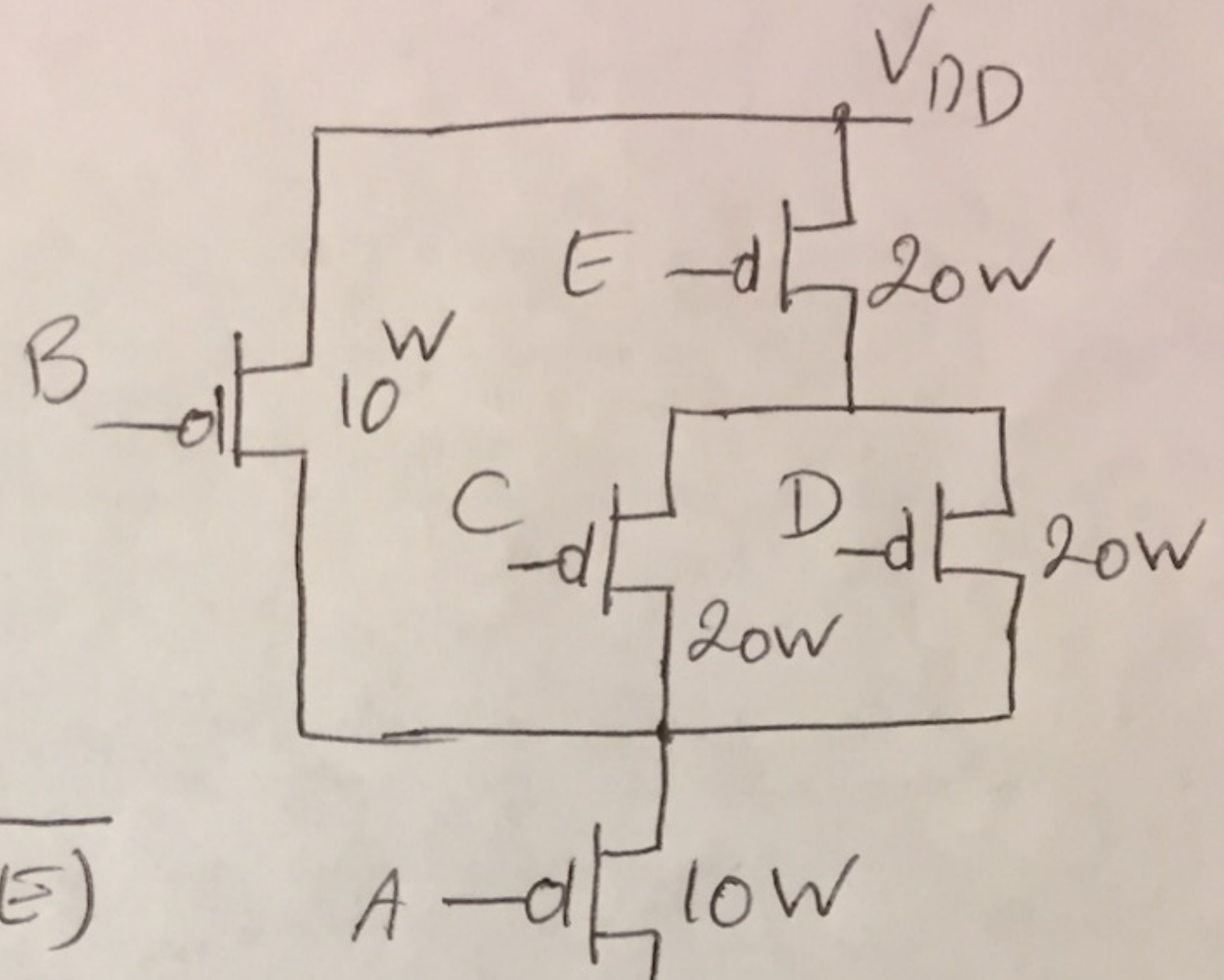
$$\Rightarrow \underline{V_x = 1.7088 \text{ V}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} V_{125 \text{ fF}} = 1.7088 \text{ V} \\ V_{20 \text{ fF}} = 1.3 \text{ V} \\ V_{8 \text{ fF}} = 1.3 \text{ V} \end{array} \right\}$$

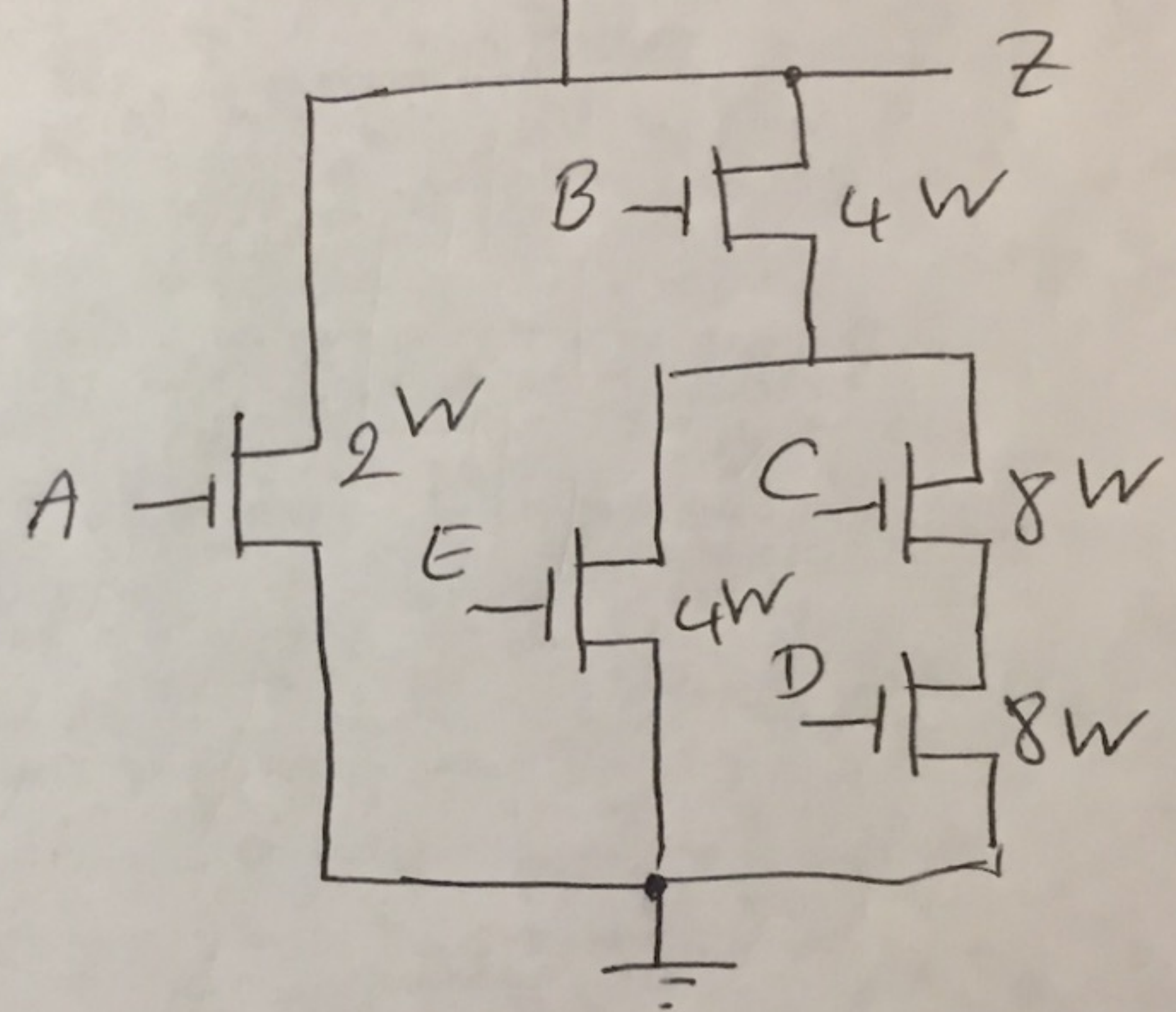
4)

Reference:





$$Z = \overline{A + B(CD + E)}$$



5) 
$$P_{leak} = \frac{1}{2} V_{DD} [I_{off(NMOS)} + I_{off(PMOS)}]$$

$$W_n = 58.5 \mu m$$

$$\leadsto I_{off(NMOS)} = 702 \text{ nA}$$

$$W_p = 85.5 \mu m$$

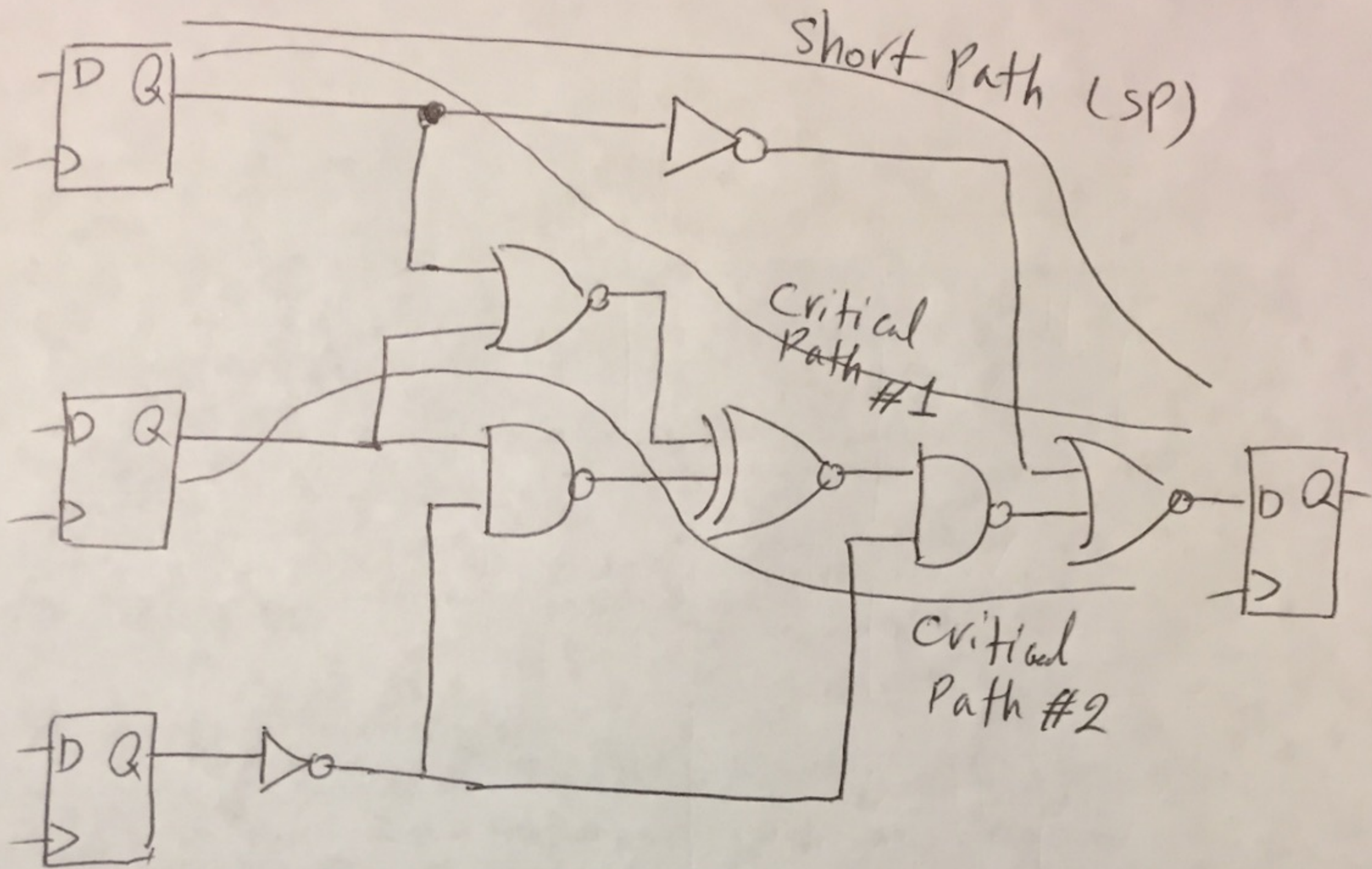
$$\leadsto I_{off(PMOS)} = 2223 \text{ nA}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{leakage} = \frac{1}{2} * 1.2 (702 \text{ nA} + 2223 \text{ nA}) = 1.755 \mu W$$



6)

a)



b) There are two critical Paths (#1 and #2) and one short Path. (SP)

$$T > t_{cq} + t_{logic} + t_{su}$$

$$\Rightarrow T > 1^{ns} + (550^{ps} + 750^{ps} + 350^{ps} + 450^{ps}) + 3^{ns}$$

$$\Rightarrow T > 6.1^{ns} \Rightarrow f_{max} = \frac{1}{T_{min}} = \frac{1}{6.1^{ns}} = 164^{MHz}$$

c) SP is a short Path.



$$d) \quad t_{\text{hold}} \stackrel{?}{<} t_{\text{cq}} + t_{\text{logic, CD}}$$

$$2 \text{ ns} \stackrel{?}{<} 1 \text{ ns} + (150 \text{ ps} + 450 \text{ ps})$$

$\Rightarrow 2 \text{ ns} \not< 1.6 \text{ ns} \rightsquigarrow$  This is a hold time violation!

$$7) \quad a) \quad Z = \overline{A(BC+DE)}$$

$$b) \quad ABCDE = 11010$$

$$c) \quad \text{if } ABCDE = 11000, \quad V_{DD} = 1.2 \text{ V}$$

Case 1:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} Q_{\text{initial}} = 20 \text{ ff} * 1.2 \text{ V} \\ Q_{\text{final}} = (20 \text{ ff} + 3 \text{ ff} + 2 \text{ ff} + 2 \text{ ff}) * V_x \end{array} \right.$$

$$Q_{\text{initial}} = Q_{\text{final}} \Rightarrow V_x = 0.88 > \frac{V_{DD} - V_T}{1} = 1.2 - 0.4 = 0.8 \text{ V}$$

impossible



Therefore:

$$\text{Case 2: } \left\{ \begin{aligned} Q_{\text{initial}} &= 20 \text{ fF} \times 1.2 \text{ V} = 24 \text{ fC} \\ Q_{\text{final}} &= 20 \text{ fF} \times V_x + 3 \text{ fF} \times (1.2 \text{ V} - 0.4 \text{ V}) \\ &\quad + 2 \text{ fF} \times (1.2 \text{ V} - 0.4 \text{ V}) \\ &\quad + 2 \text{ fF} \times (1.2 \text{ V} - 0.4 \text{ V}) \\ &= 20 \text{ fF} \times V_x + 5.6 \text{ fF} \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow 20 \text{ fF} V_x + 5.6 \text{ fF} = 24 \text{ fC} \Rightarrow \underline{V_x = 0.92 \text{ V}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{aligned} V_{20 \text{ fF}} &= 0.92 \text{ V} \\ V_{2 \text{ fF}} = V_{3 \text{ fF}} = V_{2 \text{ fF}} &= 1.2 \text{ V} - 0.4 \text{ V} = 0.8 \text{ V} \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$d) \quad t_{0 \rightarrow 90\%} = 250 \text{ ps} \Rightarrow \Delta V = 0.9 \times 1.2 = 1.08 \text{ V}$$

$$C_{\text{total}} = 20 \text{ fF} + (3 \text{ fF} + 2 \text{ fF} + 2 \text{ fF} + 3 \text{ fF}) = 30 \text{ fF}$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{W}{L} \right)_p \left( N_{GS} - |V_{TP}| \right)^2 = \frac{50}{2} \times \left( \frac{W}{L} \right)_p (1.2 - 0.5)^2$$



$$t_{0 \rightarrow 90\%} = \frac{C_L \Delta V}{I} \Rightarrow 250 \text{ ps} = \frac{30 \text{ fF} * (1.08 \text{ V})}{\frac{50 \text{ nA}}{2} \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_p (1.2 - 0.5)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_p = 10.58 \Rightarrow W_p = 1.058 \mu\text{m}$$

8)

