

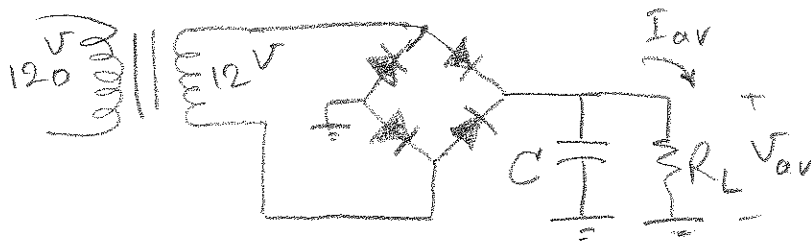
University of New Mexico
Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

ECE 321L – Electronics I (Fall 2019)

Homework #4

Due in class: Wednesday September 18, 2019

1. A full wave rectifier using a diode bridge and a 120V/12V transformer is designed to deliver power to a 10Ω load. Assume all diodes have $V_{on}=0.7V$ and negligible off current.
 - a. What is the ripple voltage, if the capacitance of the filter is 2500μF?
 - b. Considering the ripple calculated in part a, what is the average DC voltage of the output (hint: it will be approximately $V_p - V_r/2$)?
 - c. Considering the average DC voltage of the output found in part b, determine the average current and power in the load resistor.



3 main equations:

$$\begin{cases} I_{av} = \frac{V_{av}}{R_L} \\ V_{av} \approx V_p - \frac{V_r}{2} \\ V_r \approx \frac{I_{av}}{2fC} \end{cases}$$

$$V_p = 12\sqrt{2} - 2 \times 0.7 = 15.57 \text{ V}$$

$$\begin{cases} I_{av} = \frac{V_{av}}{10} \\ V_{av} = 15.57 - \frac{V_r}{2} \\ V_r = \frac{I_{av}}{2 \times 60 \times 2500 \text{ μF}} \end{cases}$$

Solving 3 equations
3 unknowns

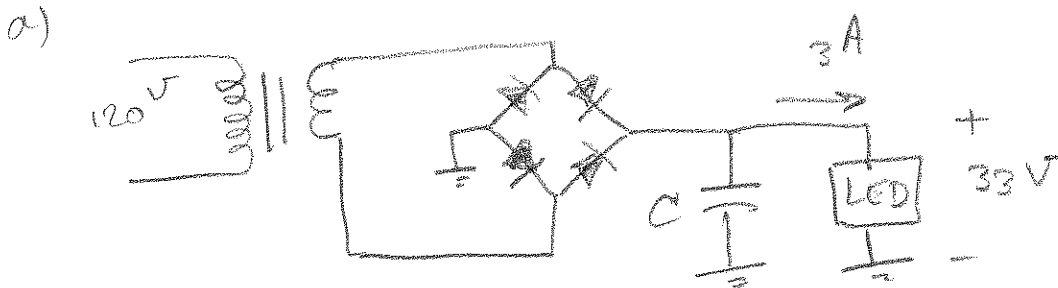
$$\begin{cases} V_r = 4.45 \text{ V} \leftarrow a \\ V_{av} = 13.34 \text{ V} \leftarrow b \\ I_{av} = 1.334 \text{ A} \leftarrow c \end{cases}$$

average power $P = I_{av} \cdot V_{av} = 1.334 \text{ A} \cdot 13.34 \text{ V}$

$$P = 17.8 \text{ W}$$

2. Design a full wave rectifier for a regulator that delivers 100W electrical power to a white off-the-shelf LED (<http://www.semileds.com/system/files/C4246-100-1010-CE.pdf>). Per datasheet, the LED requires 33V and draws 3A current. You are required to limit the ripple voltage to less than 20% of average DC voltage of the output. Assume all diodes have $V_{on}=0.7V$ and negligible off current.

- a. Draw the circuit diagram.
- b. Determine the voltage of transformer and capacitance of the filter.



b)

$$V_r = (20\%) * 33 = 6.6 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{av} = V_p - \frac{V_r}{2} \Rightarrow V_p = V_{av} + \frac{V_r}{2} = 33 + \frac{6.6}{2} = 36.3 \text{ V}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{rms} = \frac{36.3 + 2 * 0.7}{\sqrt{2}} = 26.66 \text{ V} \quad \left. \vphantom{\frac{36.3 + 2 * 0.7}{\sqrt{2}}} \right\} \text{Voltage of transformer (rms)}$$

$$V_r = \frac{I_{av}}{2fc} \Rightarrow 6.6 = \frac{3A}{2 * 60 * C}$$

$$\Rightarrow C = 3,788 \text{ } \mu\text{F}$$