

#1 ^{given:} $V_T = 0.5V$

when $V_{sb} = 0V \rightarrow N_A = 2e^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$

$$C_{ox} = 3.5 \text{ fF}/\mu\text{m}^2$$

C_g needed

$$\textcircled{1} V_{T0} = \phi_{ms} + 2\phi_F + \frac{\sqrt{2qNA\epsilon_{si}} |2\phi_F|}{C_{ox}} - \frac{Q_{ox}}{C_{ox}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \phi_F = \frac{kT}{q} \ln\left(\frac{N_A}{n_i}\right)$$

$$\textcircled{3} C_{ox} = \frac{\epsilon_{ox}}{t_{ox}}$$

$$\textcircled{4} V_T = V_{T0} + \gamma(\sqrt{|2\phi_F - V_{BS1}|} - \sqrt{|2\phi_F|})$$

$$\textcircled{5} \gamma = \frac{\sqrt{2qNA\epsilon_{si}}}{C_{ox}}$$

(a) This is determined by the body effect in MOSFET, where bulk is at a different potential than the source. For NMOS (this case $V_{SB} > 0$).

This equation is given by (4)

$$V_T = V_{T0} + \gamma(\sqrt{|2\phi_F - V_{BS1}|} - \sqrt{|2\phi_F|})$$

(b) $V_T = 1V$ (desired) @ $V_S = 0V$

Using eq in part (a) we calc for V_{BS} .

First calc for V_{T0} , ϕ_F and other variables

$$V_{T0} = 0.5V, \text{ given}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{\sqrt{2q N_A \epsilon_{Si}}}{C_{ox}} = 0.736$$

$$Q = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} C$$

$$N_A = 2 \times 10^{17}$$

$$\epsilon_{Si} = 11.7 \times 8.85 \times 10^{-14} F/cm$$

$$C_{ox} = 3.5 \times 10^{-7} F/cm^2$$

$$2\phi_F = 2 \left[\frac{kT}{q} \ln \left(\frac{N_A}{n_i} \right) \right] = 2 \left[0.0259 \ln \left(\frac{2 \times 10^{17}}{10^{10}} \right) \right]$$

$$n_{Si} = 10^{10} @ 300K$$

$$2\phi_F = 0.870$$

⇒ Sub into eq (4)

$$|V| = 0.5V + 0.736 \left(\sqrt{|0.870 - V_{BS}|} - \sqrt{0.870} \right)$$

$$V_{BS} = -1.73 \text{ or } \boxed{3.47V}$$

$$\underline{V_x = V_B = -1.73V}$$

(c)

$$V_T = \frac{Q}{C_{ox}} - V_{T0} \Rightarrow 0.5V = \frac{Q'}{C_{ox}}$$

$$Q' = 0.5 \times 3.5 fF/\mu m^2 = 1.75 V_f F/\mu m^2$$

$$Q' = q N_A \Rightarrow N_A = \frac{Q'}{q} = \frac{1.75 V_f F/\mu m^2}{1.6 \times 10^{-19}}$$

$$\boxed{N_A = 1.09 \times 10^{12} cm^{-3} \text{ acceptor}}$$