

Types of Metabolic Thresholds

As exercise intensity increases there is;

↑ catabolism of **creatine phosphate**

↑ catabolism of **carbohydrate**

(blood glucose, and to a greater extent muscle glycogen)

↓ catabolism of **lipid**

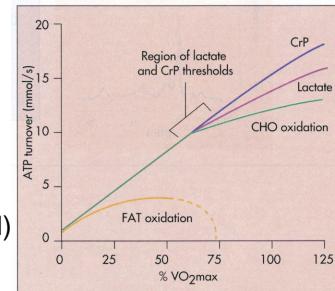
↓ muscle **redox potential** ($\text{NAD}^+ / \text{NADH}$)

↑ acidosis

↑ production of **lactate**

↑ recruitment of **FT motor units**

The changing metabolic conditions, and primary sources of ATP regeneration, during an incremental exercise test to $\text{VO}_{2\text{max}}$.

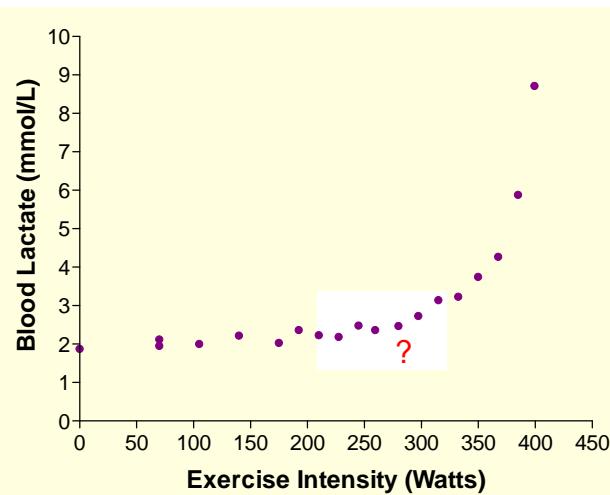


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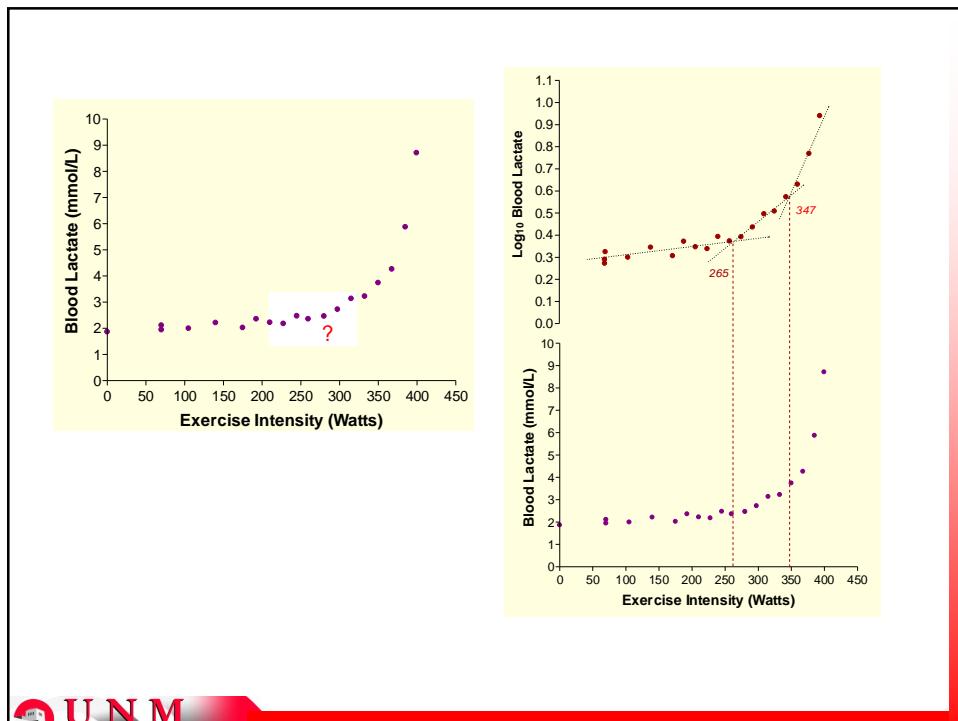
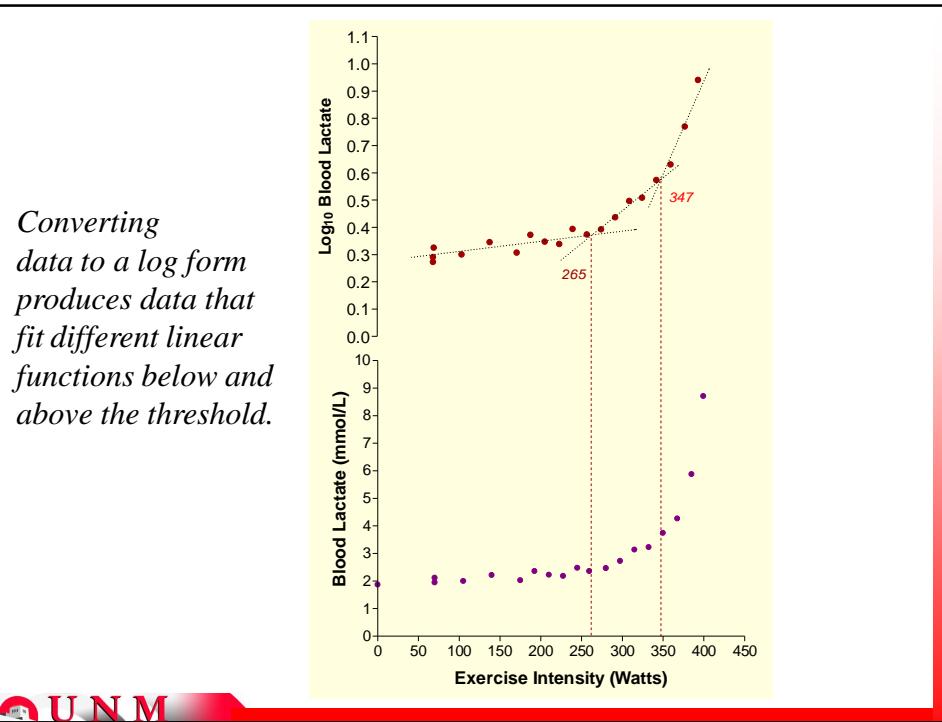
Lactate Threshold

Refers to the exercise intensity where there is an abrupt increase in either of muscle or blood lactate.

The intensity at the LT represents the maximal intensity at which steady state exercise can be maintained.



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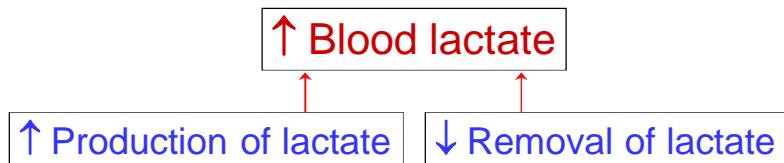


What causes the LT?

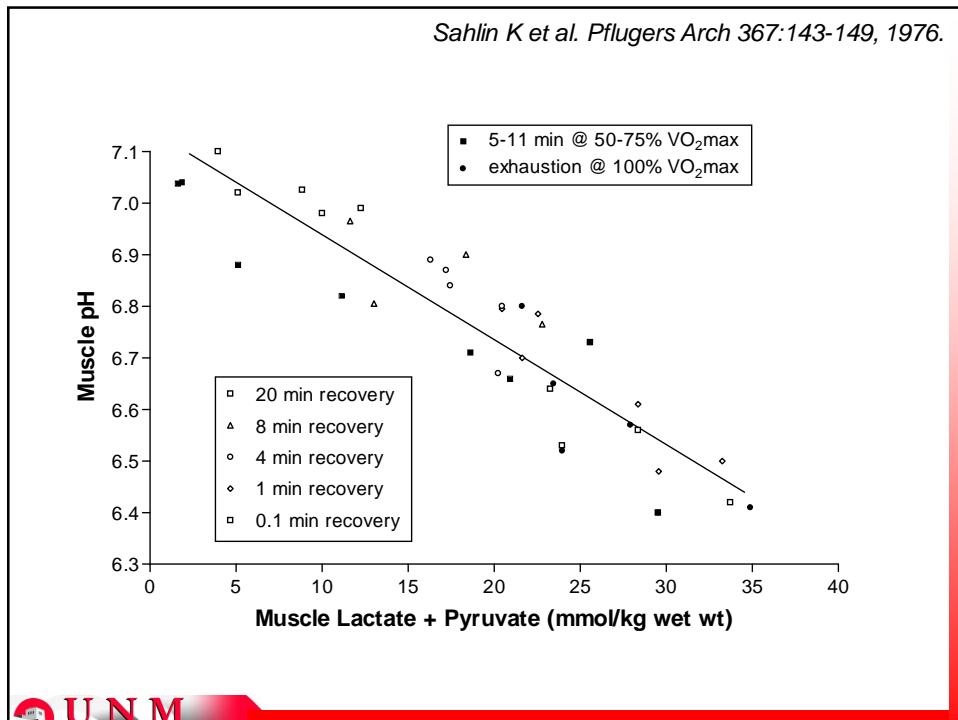
- ♦ ↑ Production of lactate
- ♦ Removal of lactate does not match production
- ♦ ↑ Fast twitch motor unit recruitment
(biases metabolism toward glycolysis)
- ♦ Imbalance between glycolysis and mitochondrial respiration
- ♦ Ischemia
- ♦ Muscle hypoxia
- ♦ ↓ Redox potential ($\text{NAD}^+ / \text{NADH}$)

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Flow Diagram of ↑ Blood Lactate



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Other Lactate Threshold Terminology

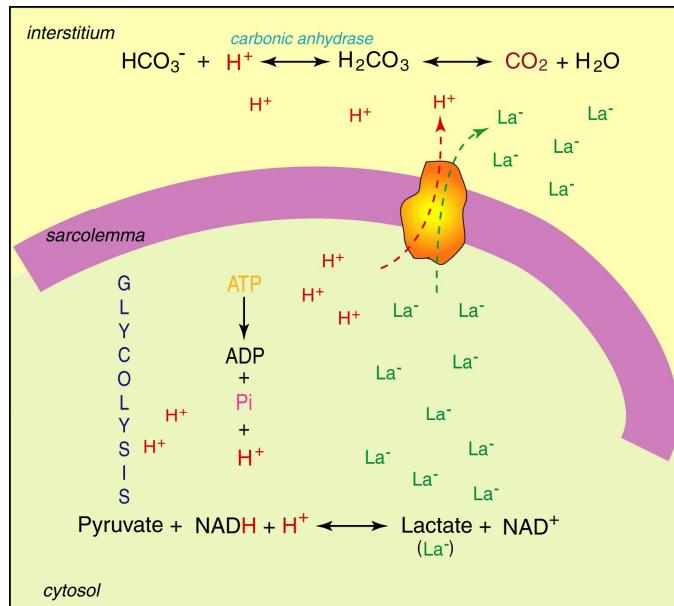
Anaerobic threshold - first used in 1964 and based on increased blood lactate being associated with hypoxia. Now known to be an oversimplification, and should not be used.

Onset of blood lactate accumulation (OBLA) - the maximal steady state blood lactate concentration, which can vary between 3 to 7 mmol/L.

Research has shown that there is considerable similarity in each of the exercise intensities obtained from the different lactate threshold methodologies.

Remember that the limitation to exercise above the LT is not the increased blood and muscle lactate but the associated increase in acidosis and other markers of muscle fatigue.

Muscle Lactate and Proton Efflux

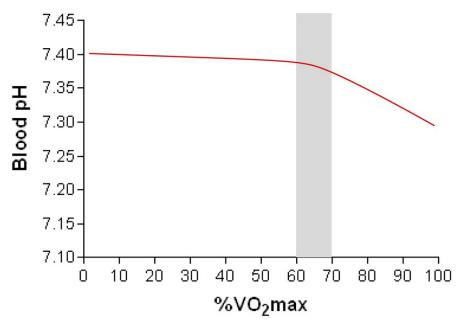
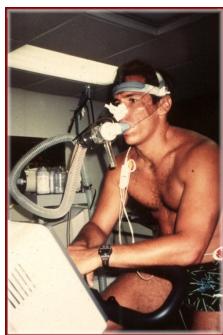
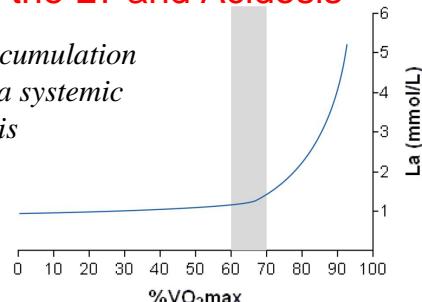


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Blood Lactate Accumulation, the LT and Acidosis

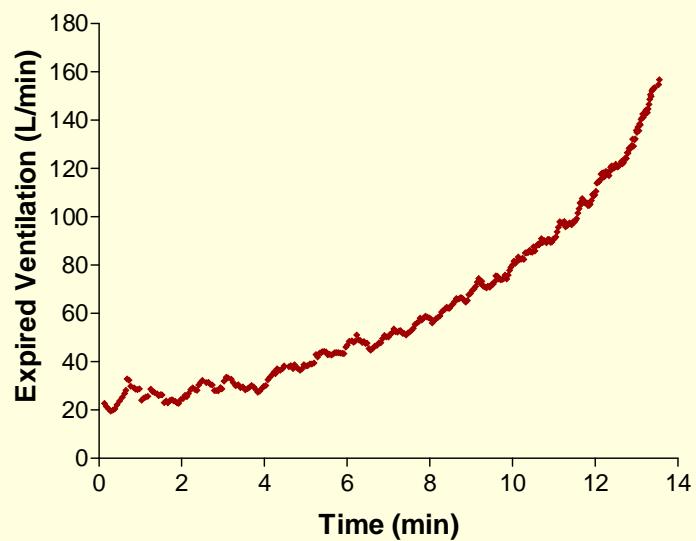


Blood lactate accumulation coincides with a systemic acidosis

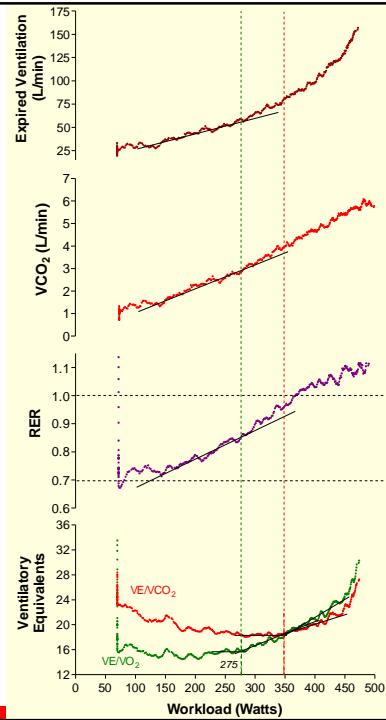


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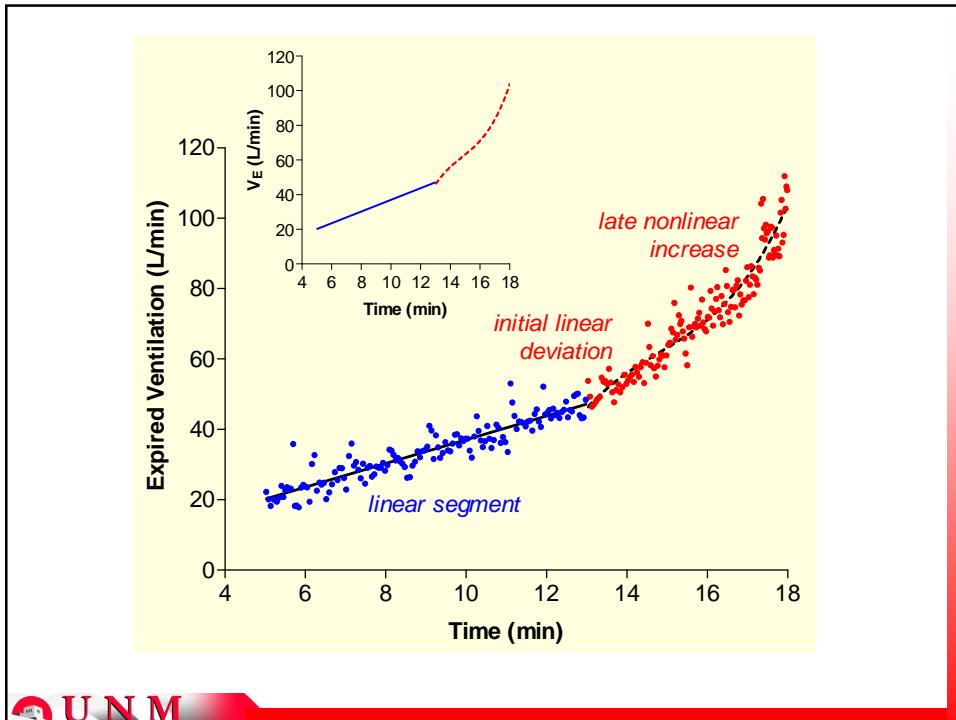
Gas Exchange Indices of The Metabolic Threshold



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EMG Threshold

