

Math 1215 Homework 5 ANSWER KEY

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I Exponent & Scientific Notation

1. $(-3)x^2 x^3 = \boxed{-3x^5}$

4. $\frac{36x^9 y^5}{18x^3 y^2} = \boxed{2x^6 y^3}$

2. $(ab^2)(a^2 b^3) = \boxed{a^3 b^5}$

5. $\frac{-24m^6 n^3}{6m^2 n^2} = \boxed{-4m^4 n}$

3. $(-10x^4 y^2)(3x^2 y)$
 $= \boxed{-30x^6 y^3}$

6. $\frac{12x^5}{4x^{-2}} = \boxed{3x^7}$ note: $5 - (-2) = 5 + 2 = 7$

7. $a^2 b^{-2} c^0$ $\leftarrow c^0 = 1$
 $= a^2 \cdot \frac{1}{b^2} = \boxed{\frac{a^2}{b^2}}$

Change the following numbers from standard form into scientific notation.

8. $62,000 = \boxed{6.2 \times 10^4}$

9. $0.000071 = \boxed{7.1 \times 10^{-5}}$

Change the following numbers from scientific notation into standard form.

10. $6.1 \times 10^4 = \boxed{61,000}$

Simplify the following problems using operations with scientific notation, write you answer in both standard form and scientific notation.

11. $(2 \times 10^3)(4 \times 10^2)$
 $= \boxed{8 \times 10^5}$ Scientific notation
 $= \boxed{800,000}$ Standard Form

12. $\frac{12.4 \times 10^{-4}}{4 \times 10^2} = \boxed{3.1 \times 10^{-6}}$ Scientific notation
 $= \boxed{0.0000031}$ Standard Form

II Polynomials:

$$\begin{aligned}
 13. \quad & (2x^2 - 3x + 1) + (-x^2 + x - 7) \\
 & = \underline{2x^2} - \underline{3x} + 1 - \underline{x^2} + \underline{x} - 7 : \text{Collect like-terms} \\
 & = \boxed{x^2 - 2x - 6}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 14. \quad & (3x^2 - 2x) - (7x^2 - 2x + 1) \\
 & = \underline{3x^2} - \underline{2x} - \underline{7x^2} + \underline{2x} - 1 \\
 & = \boxed{-4x^2 - 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 15. \quad & (2n^3 + 10) - (-n^2 + 3n) \\
 & = 2n^3 + 10 + n^2 - 3n \\
 & = \boxed{2n^3 + n^2 - 3n + 10} : \text{Standard Form}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 16. \quad & (x+4)(x+7) : \text{use the FOIL method} \\
 & = x^2 + 7x + 4x + 28 \\
 & = \boxed{x^2 + 11x + 28}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 17. \quad & (-2m^2 - 6m + 3) + (-3m^2 + m - 1) \\
 & = -\underline{2m^2} - \underline{6m} + 3 - \underline{3m^2} + \underline{m} - 1 \\
 & = \boxed{-5m^2 - 5m + 2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 18. \quad & (9a^2 - 2a + 2) + (5a^2 - 5a + 7) \\
 & = \underline{9a^2} - \underline{2a} + 2 + \underline{5a^2} - \underline{5a} + 7 \\
 & = \boxed{14a^2 - 7a + 9}
 \end{aligned}$$

19. Rewrite the following polynomial in *standard form*: \rightarrow Exponents go in descending order

$$\underline{7x^3} - 6x^4 - 3x^2 + \underline{22x^3} = \boxed{-6x^4 + 29x^3 - 3x^2}$$

What is the *constant term*, what is the *leading coefficient*, what is the *degree*?

Constant term: none

Leading coefficient: -6

degree: 4